



Series

A

CODE : 24

Write here Roll Number and Answer Sheet No.

Question Booklet Sl. No.

Roll No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Answer Sheet No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Duration : 1 Hour

Total Marks : 100

Declaration by Invigilator :

I Certify that I have checked that the Roll Number and the Answer Sheet Number written by the Candidate on the question paper and the OMR Sheet are correct and the Answer Sheet Number matches the Question Booklet Number exactly.

Signature of the Invigilator with Name

Declaration by Candidate :

I undertake not to employ any unfair means in this exam. I have checked the Question Booklet Number and the Answer Sheet Number and both are identical and have been correctly entered by me wherever indicated.

Signature of the Candidate with Name

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions.

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- The Roll No. is a 7 digit No., the candidate needs to circle the Roll No. in the Answer Sheet.
- The appropriate Circle should be shaded for Roll No. This should be done carefully because only the shaded circles are scanned.
- Valuation of Answer Sheet will be done on the computer. Candidate should not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet, tamper with or mutilate it. Otherwise it will not be evaluated.
- Please check all the pages of the Booklet carefully. In case of any defect, please ask the Invigilator for replacement of the Booklet.
- You must not tear off or remove any sheet from this Booklet. The Answer Sheet must be handed over to the Invigilator before you leave the Examination Hall.
- All questions are compulsory and each Question carries 2 marks.
- The paper carries negative marking. For each wrong answer 0.50 mark will be deducted.**
- This Booklet contains 50 questions.
- Use of Calculator/Palmtop/Laptop/Other Digital Instrument/Mobile/Cell Phone/Pager is **not** allowed.
- Candidates found guilty of misconduct/using unfair means in the Examination Hall will be liable for appropriate penal/legal action.
- No Rough Work is to be done on the Answer Sheet and only single OMR Answer Sheet will be provided.**
- This booklet contains 12 pages.
- Directions :** Each question or incomplete statement is followed by four alternative suggested answers or completions. In each case, you are required to select the one that correctly answers the question or completes the statement and blacken (●) appropriate circle a, b, c or d by Blue / Black Ball-Point Pen provided by the board against the question concerned in the Answer Sheet.
- Mark your answer by shading the appropriate circle against each question. The circle should be shaded completely without leaving any space. The correct method of shading is given below.

Wrong Method	Wrong Method	Wrong Method	Correct Method
☐ ☒ ☐ ☐	☐ ☒ ☐ ☐	☐ ☒ ☐ ☐	☐ ☒ ☐ ☐

The Candidate must mark his/her response after careful consideration, as it is not possible to change the response once it is marked.

- There is only one correct answer to each question. You should blacken (●) the circle of the appropriate column, viz., a, b, c or d. If you blacken (●) more than one circle against any one question, the answer will be treated as wrong.
- Use the space for rough work given at the beginning of the Question Booklet only and not on the Answer Sheet.
- You are NOT required to mark your answers in this Booklet. All answers must be indicated in the Answer Sheet only.**



DO NOT WRITE HERE



SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



SPACE OR ROUGH WORK



1. Basic unit of textile is

(a) Fabric	(b) Pattern
(c) Fibre	(d) Garment
2. What is called basic pattern ?

(a) First pattern	(b) Working pattern
(c) Block pattern	(d) Personal pattern
3. For knits, which needle point is recommended ?

(a) Point Lee	(b) Sharp point
(c) Ball point	(d) Wedge point
4. Which among the following regulate the length of the stitch in a machine ?

(a) Stitch regulator	(b) Winder
(c) Thread guide	(d) Pressure regulator
5. Weight in grams of 1000 meters length of yarn

(a) Denier	(b) Tex
(c) Yard	(d) Unit
6. A _____ sleeve, which is cut as an extension of the main bodice piece, can be either loose or close fit.

(a) Kimono	(b) Petal
(c) Puff	(d) Cap
7. The highest point on the bust is

(a) Dart	(b) Pleat
(c) Apex	(d) Wrist
8. A slanting or diagonal line cut or sewn, across the weave of the cloth is called

(a) Bias	(b) Selvedge
(c) Warp	(d) Binding



9. The sailor collar was inspired by
- (a) Military uniform
 - (b) School uniform
 - (c) Surgeon uniform
 - (d) Sailor's uniform
10. Machine sewing needles are available from sizes
- (a) 1 to 8
 - (b) 19 to 25
 - (c) 9 to 18
 - (d) 20 to 30
11. Nehru collar is also called
- (a) Mandarin collar
 - (b) Sailor collar
 - (c) Peter pan collar
 - (d) Deep open collar
12. _____ is a protective tool used to fix on the fingers for safety from injury.
- (a) Bodkin
 - (b) Stiletto
 - (c) Thimble
 - (d) Notcher
13. _____ is a method of enlarging or reducing a pattern.
- (a) Gored
 - (b) Grading
 - (c) Gauge
 - (d) Grain
14. Which is not a protein fibres ?
- (a) Silk
 - (b) Wool
 - (c) Flax
 - (d) None of these
15. A _____ sleeve resemble petal of a flower as the sleeve sections cross over each other at the cap.
- (a) Petal
 - (b) Raglan
 - (c) Kimono
 - (d) Cowl



16. 1 inch is equal to
 - (a) 2.54 mm
 - (b) 2 cm
 - (c) 2.15 cm
 - (d) 2.5 cm
17. An element which can be seen and felt or a material feels when the fingertips are run lightly along the surface
 - (a) Value
 - (b) Texture
 - (c) Light
 - (d) Shape
18. The _____ color scheme consists of black, white, grey and sometimes brown.
 - (a) Neutral
 - (b) Shades
 - (c) Emphasis
 - (d) Secondary color
19. Formal balance is another word for which type of balance ?
 - (a) Geometric
 - (b) Symmetrical
 - (c) symmetrical
 - (d) Radial
20. 18 number needle is used for
 - (a) Light weight fabric
 - (b) Thin fabric
 - (c) Heavy fabric
 - (d) Medium weight fabric
21. It smooths out wrinkles and restores the shape of fabric after laundering
 - (a) Stitching
 - (b) Pressing
 - (c) Washing
 - (d) Cutting
22. What is meant by grading in garment industry ?
 - (a) To classify the garment based on quality
 - (b) To classify the garment based on sizes
 - (c) To make pattern of various sizes
 - (d) To make pattern of various designs



23. Body of new born child is called
- (a) Infant body (b) Teen body
(c) Adult body (d) Normal body
24. Scarves, gloves, jewellery are
- (a) Accessories (b) Sewing aids
(c) Interfacing (d) Shirring
25. The flat base of the head in sewing machine
- (a) Bed (b) Slide plate
(c) Feed dog (d) Needle plate
26. Cotton fibres are separated from
- (a) Cotton bolls/seeds (b) Cotton leafs
(c) Cotton roots (d) Cocoon worm
27. The spreading out of each piece of pattern in an arranged manner on fabric for cutting
- (a) Dart manipulation (b) Slash and spread
(c) Pivotal (d) Pattern layout
28. One-piece garment consisting of a top or shirt with attached trouser's
- (a) Clown pant (b) Jumpsuit
(c) Jacket (d) Caftan
29. Straight, form fitting silhouette is
- (a) Tulip (b) Sheath
(c) Ball gown (d) Empire
30. What is the amount of space between dart legs called ?
- (a) Apex
(b) Bust point
(c) Dart intake
(d) Dart legs



31. It is the quality of lightness or darkness in a colour
 - (a) Emphasis
 - (b) Value
 - (c) Shade
 - (d) None of these

32. What does dart manipulation involves ?
 - (a) Increasing dart size
 - (b) Decreasing dart size
 - (c) Shift the dart in to other parts of the bodice without changing the fit of the garment
 - (d) All of these

33. _____ seam line that runs from the shoulder or armhole to the hem, and it goes through bust point
 - (a) Side seam
 - (b) French seam
 - (c) Princess seam
 - (d) Flat fel seam

34. For ladies shirt the button hole placket is placed
 - (a) Right over left
 - (b) Left over right
 - (c) Left trousers waistband
 - (d) None of these

35. _____ is a fabric tunnel through which elastic or drawstring can be threaded to pull in or draw up the fabric.
 - (a) Girth
 - (b) Casing
 - (c) Ruffles
 - (d) Carding

36. A 5 piece pattern set, consisting of a front/back/sleeve and skirt front, back is called
 - (a) Draping
 - (b) Basic pattern set
 - (c) Trueing
 - (d) Drafting

37. What are the primary colours ?
 - (a) Red-Yellow-Blue
 - (b) Red-Green-Blue
 - (c) Yellow-Green-Blue
 - (d) Red-Yellow-Green



38. Facing, binding and collars are three common
- (a) Plakets
 - (b) Openings
 - (c) Seams
 - (d) Necklines
39. Sit on a firm chair, feet flat on the floor, measure from waist to chair seat
- (a) Ankle
 - (b) Knee
 - (c) Crotch depth
 - (d) Wrist
40. Style name of the pant one inch above ankle
- (a) Bermuda
 - (b) Shorts
 - (c) Jamaica
 - (d) Capri
41. Keep the needle near the fabric and wrap the thread around the needle once or twice and pull the needle back
- (a) French knot
 - (b) Chain stitch
 - (c) Wave stitch
 - (d) Button hole stitch
42. The hole in the needle is called
- (a) Eye
 - (b) Shaft
 - (c) Shank
 - (d) Opening
43. King of fibres is
- (a) Nylon
 - (b) Wool
 - (c) Bison
 - (d) Cotton
44. A fold in the fabric that releases fullness
- (a) Gored
 - (b) Pleats
 - (c) Dart
 - (d) Peplums



45. Pinking shears is used for
- (a) Finishing seams and raw edges
 - (b) Decorative edge
 - (c) Fray resistant edge
 - (d) All of the above
46. Name the frock without a joint at the waist.
- (a) Tiered frock
 - (b) Frill frock
 - (c) Umbrella frock
 - (d) A line frock
47. Hoodies come under which wear ?
- (a) Casual wear
 - (b) Party wear
 - (c) Swim wear
 - (d) Formal wear
48. The length of measuring tape is
- (a) 150 cm
 - (b) 160 cm
 - (c) 152 cm
 - (d) 162 cm
49. _____ seam is very sturdy.
- (a) Counter seam
 - (b) Slot seam
 - (c) Corded seam
 - (d) Flat fell seam
50. _____ holds the Bobbin.
- (a) Bobbin winder
 - (b) Bobbin case or shuttle
 - (c) Thread guide
 - (d) Stitch regulator

